Prevention, Diagnosis & Cure of Ornamental Fish Diseases: Do's and Don'ts

Gerald Bassleer Fish Doctor



Summary

- Reasons why fish become 'diseased' in the ornamental fish industry.
- Some diseases = origin & cure(?):
 - > Mycobacterium or Fish Tuberculosis;
 - Head-and-Lateral-Line Syndrome / Hole in the Head Disease / Spironucleus;
 - >Angel fish Disease / Discus fish Disease;
 - ➤ICH or White Spot disease: fresh & marine;



Reasons why fish become 'diseased'

- Estimated loss of fish: for exporter few %, importer few %, shop few%;
- Estimated overall loss = Still too high = 20%??? (estimated loss in1960's WAS 40 à 50%???)

▶ WHY???

- Mainly due to poor 'methods': lack of implementation of good practices and lack of trained staff;
- This usually results in STRESS that weakens the fish and make them susceptable to diseases.



Fish can become diseased but we have a responsability when we trade or keep

them!



Reasons why fish become 'diseased'

- For the EXPORTER of WILD CAUGHT fish:
 - Poor collection methods by the fishermen;
 - Poor holding & transport methods by fishermen;
 - Poor quarantaine by distributor or exporter;
 - Lack of diagnostic methods;
 - Lack of biosecurity;
 - Poor preparation 48–72hrs prior to shipping;
 - Poor shipping practice: bagging & packing.



Example of good quarantaine practice at Kenya Tropical Sealife.



Reasons why fish become 'diseased'

- For the EXPORTER of TANKRAISED fish:
 - Poor breeding methods by breeders;
 - Poor holding & transport methods by breeders;
 - Poor diagnostic methods by breeder/farmer;
 - Lack of biosecurity by farmer;
 - Poor quarantaine by distributor or exporter;
 - Lack of diagnostic methods by exporter;
 - Lack of biosecurity by exporter;
 - Poor preparation 48–72hrs prior to shipping;
 - Poor shipping practice: bagging & packing.



Example of poor biosecurity.



Reasons why fish become 'diseased'

For the IMPORTER:

- Poor unpacking methods;
- Poor quarantaine;
- Poor feeding practices;
- Lack of diagnostic methods;
- Lack of biosecurity;
- Lack of well-trained staff;
- Poor shipping practice: bagging & packing.





Example of poor (I.) & good (r.) handling







Reasons why fish become 'diseased'

For the SHOP:

- Poor holding facility;
- Poor care and poor feeding;
- Lack of biosecurity;
- Lack of diagnostic methods;
- Lack of trained staff.





Examples of poor fish keeping







GOOD feeding practice





Reasons why fish become diseased

▶ For the **HOBBYIST**

- Lack of GOOD information;
- Poor aquarium not fit for the (kind of) fish;
- Overcrowding!
- Poor care & poor feeding practices: i.e. obesitas!
- Saving on \$\$\$;
- Lack of time & planning.





Examples of poor fish keeping







CONCLUSION

There are many things we can do better....we should do better...eventually we have to do better if we want to have a future for the keeping of ornamental fish!





Maybe our future?







....continued

- Reasons why fish become 'diseased' in the trade
- Some diseases = origin & cure(?):
 - *▶ Mycobacterium* or Fish Tuberculosis;
 - ➤ Head-and-Lateral-Line Syndrome / Hole in the Head Disease / Spironucleus parasites;
 - ➤ Angel fish Disease / Discus fish Disease;
 - ➤ICH or White Spot disease: fresh & marine.



Mycobacterium







Mycobacterium



BASSLEER

Mycobacterium or fish tuberculosis

= more details later today on by Ksenia Bazenova at 12:15







Mycobacterium...what to do

- Avoid the Origin: Female parental fish, excrements, dead fish, infected food (i.e. Mosquito larvae);
- Avoid the Poor selection of brood stock;
- Avoid the 'incubator' aquarium;
- Accept: Old age Syndrome: fish can survive long time in captivity;
- No cure! But prevention= avoiding contact & good fish food!
- Risk for zoonosis!



Prevention of zoonosis Mycobacterium through proper hygienic measures.





Zoonosis: a matter of prevention



HEAD-and-Lateral-Line Syndrome (HLLS); Hole-in-the-Head Disease (HITH).

- Mostly found with Freshwater Cichlids;
- AND Marine
 Angel fish,
 Tangs and
 Surgeon fish.





HEAD-and-Lateral-Line Syndrome (HLLS); Hole-in-the-Head Disease (HITH).



HEAD-and-Lateral-Line Syndrome (HLLS); Hole-in-the-Head Disease (HITH); Here with the parasite *Spironucleus*



HEAD-and-Lateral-Line Syndrome (HLLS); Hole-in-the-Head Disease (HITH); + parasite Spironucleus?

- ➤ Different signs;
- Different problems(?);
- ►Internal Parasite Spironucleus (ex-Hexamita);
- Poor feeding & Lack of essential nutrients;
- Lack of correct diagnosis!
- Secondary bacterial infections;
- ∠Viral infection?





Spironucleus parasites







HEAD-and-Lateral-Line Syndrome (HLLS); Hole-in-the-Head Disease (HITH); ? + parasite *Spironucleus?*

- Avoid stress;
- 2. Good quarantaine;
- 3. Good quality Food with all necessary nutrients; for marine fish also in the water!
- 4. Food with immunostimulants or food coated with fresh, non-cooked garlic;
- 5. Treatment Metronidazole 500gm/100 l.(36-48hrs) or 500gm/100gm food for 5-7 days (not for baby fish);
- 6. Anti-bacterial treatment: Furaltadone or Nitrofurantoin.





DISCUS and ANGEL FISH DISEASE (aids / pest)



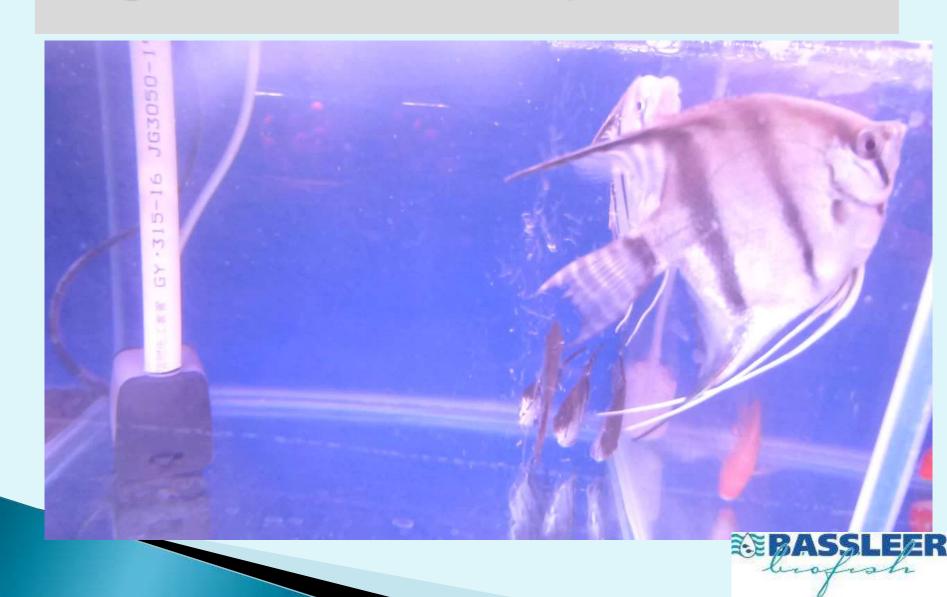




Discus Disease (pest / aids)



Angel fish disease (pest/aids)



DISCUS and ANGEL FISH DISEASE (aids / pest)

- Since 1986;
- When periods with Atmospheric low pressure; fog (= mostly occuring in spring & fall);
- Mixing of species from different origin (country or continent) in same aquarium or nearby;
- Also other S-Am. Cichlids: Uaru, Heros & Mesonauta;
- Astma-like symptoms;
- Secondary bacterial infections.

- Prevention = fish food with immunostimulants;
- Prevention = avoiding the mixing of fish from different origin;
- Prevention= water quality;
- When diseased=
 - Many water changes and raise temperature few °C;
 - Controlling secondary bacterial infections;
 - Identification infections (if any);
 - Fish can build up "resistance" after few weeks.

OCCURENCE

SOLUTIONS



White Spot Disease: fresh water





Ichthyophthirius multifilliis

Neoichthyophthirius schlotfeldti



White Spot Disease: fresh water



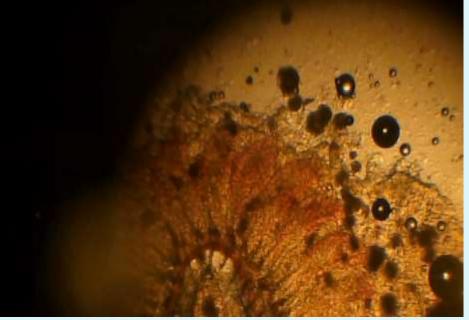
Ichthyophthirius multifilliis

Neoichthyophthirius schlotfeldti



White Spot Disease: fresh water



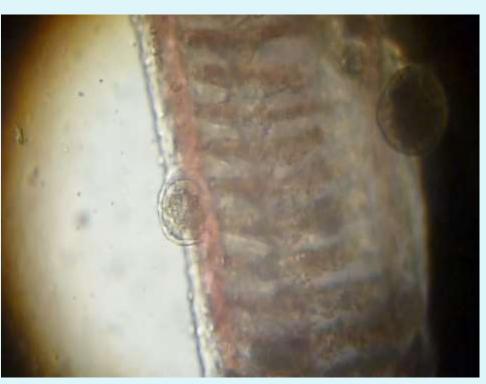


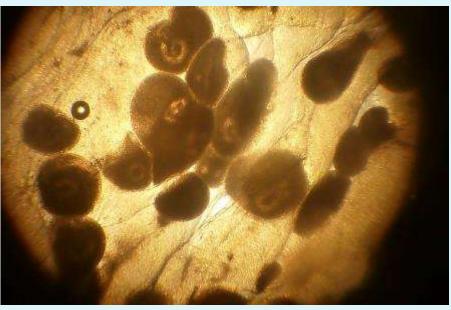
Ichthyophthirius multifilliis

Neoichthyophthirius schlotfeldti



White Spot Disease: fresh water





Ichthyophthirius multifilliis

Neoichthyophthirius schlotfeldti



White Spot Disease: fresh water

- Half-circular nucleus;
- More transparent, light brown color;
- Slow movement;
- Small whitish spot;
- Adult reproductive Trophont OFF the fish;
- Fast infections: quickly noticed;
- Origin: worldwide.

- Circular nucleus;
- Less transparent, darker color;
- Faster movement;
- Larger, not perfect spot, sometimes more yellow colored;
- Trophont ON the fish: reproduction underneath mucus;
- Slow process: many weeks before noticeable;
- Origin: South East Asia.

Ichthyophthirius multifilliis

Neoichthyophthirius schlotfeldti



White Spot Disease: marine= Cryptocaryon







White Spot Disease: marine fish = Cryptocaryon







Prevention & Treatment of White Spot Disease

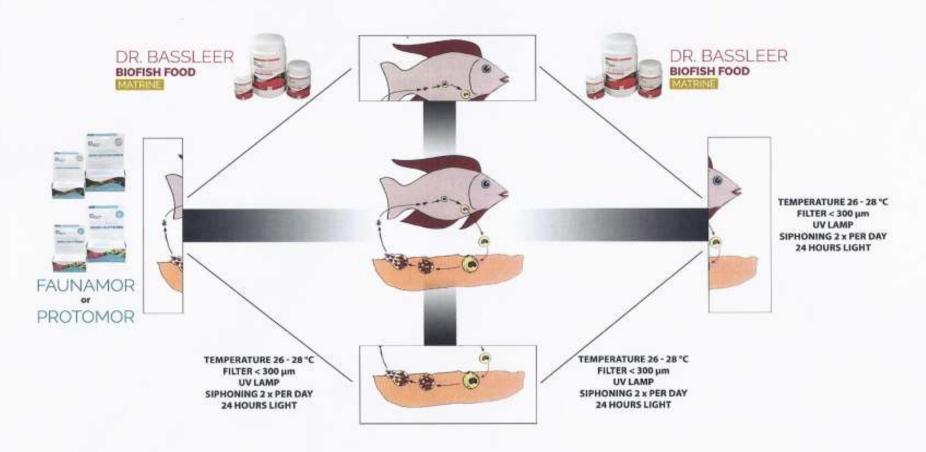
- During quarantaine period = minimum 2 weeks and move fish daily to other tank;
- Use food with immunostimulants and/or matrine to fortify the fish;
- Avoid stress: especially temperature drops (i.e. cold air draft, cold water changes);
- Avoid overcrowding;
- Install UV and microfilter $< 300 \mu$.

- Detect disease in the early stage:
- Check water parameters & filter:
- Do a good water change and siphoning off bottom: at evening and early morning;
- Leave lightson during 24hrs; Raise temperature +3°C;
- Food coated with "matrine" (extract from plant *Sophora* flavescens);
- Medication Malachite Green (+ Formalin)! Watch out for invertebrates (Marines!).

PREVENTION

TREATMENT







Neoichthyophthirius schlotfeldti



Prevention & Treatment of New White Spot Disease: Neoichthyophthirius schlotfeldti

- Disease is sometimes many week on the fish (slimy coating) or in the gills;
- More difficult to treat because parasites 'hides' as reaction on commong medications;
- Especially fish from South East Asia need to be checked and need quarantaine;
- Treat with daily good water changes(or move) and siphoning off the bottom;
- Raise temperature with $+3^{\circ}C$;
- Give Biofish Food "MATRINE";
- Medication: Salt (3 to 5gm/liter) and Malachite green (+Formalin)
- Do Waterchanges & re-treatment during 7 à 14 days!



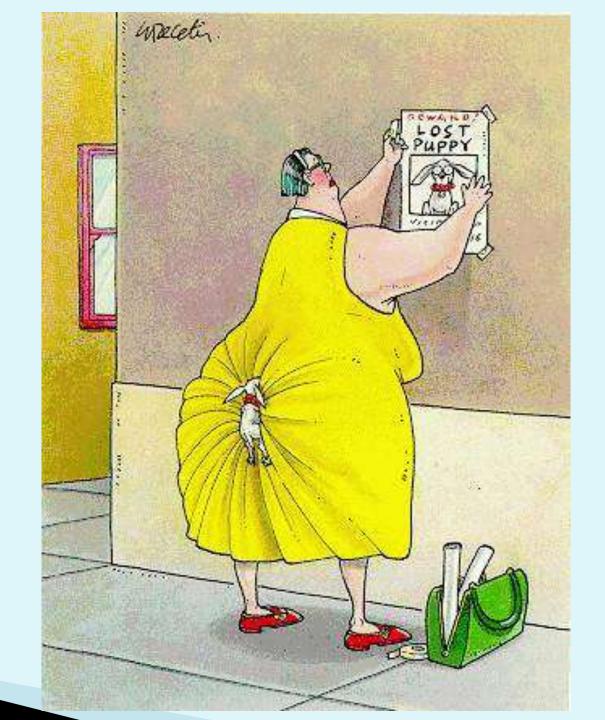


Prevention,
Diagnosis & Cure of
Ornamental Fish
Diseases:

MY final RECOMMENDATION

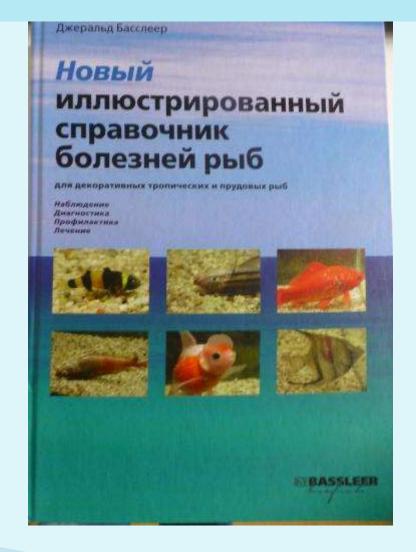
= CHECK FIRST Why? What? Where? When? How? etc.



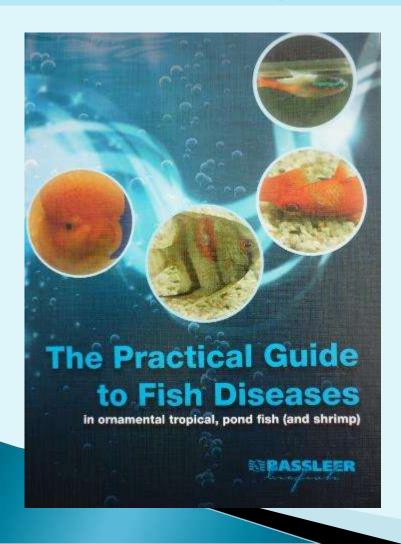


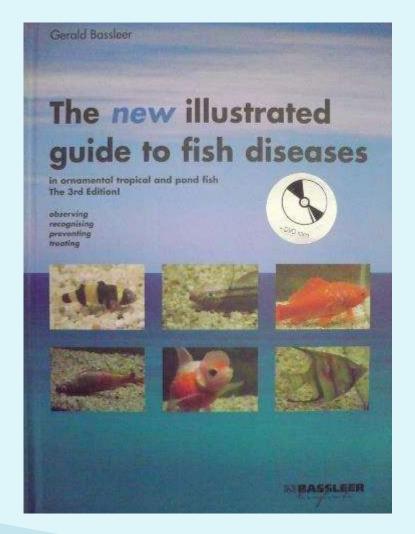
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